

## ENGLISH

### Photoelectric retro-reflective sensor Operating Instructions

#### Safety notes

- Not a safety component in accordance with EU Machinery Directive.  
Read the operating instructions before commissioning.
- UL: Only for NFPA 79 applications
- Connection, mounting, and setting is only to be performed by trained specialists.
- When commissioning, protect the device from moisture and contamination.

#### Correct use

The GL10(G) is a photoelectric retro-reflective sensor for the optical, noncontact detection of objects. A reflector is required for operation.

#### Starting operation

- 1 Connect the device to the power supply: For devices with plug connectors, attach the cable socket while the device is deenergized and screw it in tightly. Connect the individual wires of the connecting cable as shown in Graphic [D].
- 2 Switch on the operating voltage. The green indicator LED lights up.
- 3 Check the application conditions: Adjust the distance between the sensor and the reflector according to the corresponding diagram [E].
- 4 Mount the appropriate reflector opposite the sensor. Align the light beam vertically with the center of the reflector [C].
- 5 Versions without potentiometer:  
If the yellow indicator LED lights up continuously, this means the reflector is positively identified, function reserve  $\geq 1.5$ .  
If the yellow indicator LED is flashing, this means the reflector is detected in the peripheral area (function reserve  $< 1.5$ ). If the yellow indicator LED does not light up, this means the reflector is outside the sensing range. Readjust and clean the photoelectric sensor and reflector or use a larger reflector. Check the application conditions (see 2).

#### 6 Versions with potentiometer:

- When there is a free light path, turn the potentiometer clockwise until the yellow indicator LED lights up continuously.  
Reflector is positively identified, function reserve  $= 1.5$ .  
If the yellow indicator LED is flashing, this means the reflector is detected in the peripheral area (function reserve  $< 1.5$ ). If the yellow indicator LED does not light up, this means the reflector is outside the sensing range. Readjust and clean the photoelectric sensor and reflector or use a larger reflector. Check the application conditions (see 2).

#### 7 Setting light/dark switching [A1]:

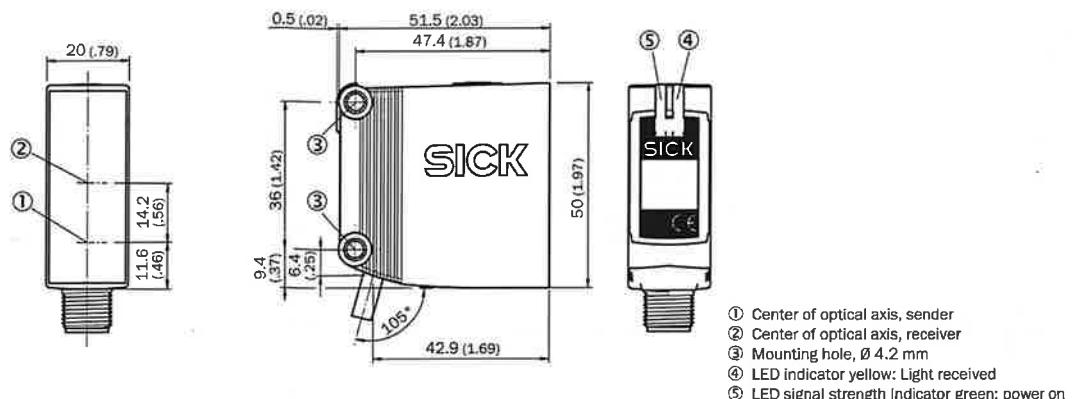
- Rotary switch to L = light switching  
Rotary switch to D = dark switching  
GL10(G)-Rnnnn:  
Switching behavior corresponds to Q (PNP), L; [B]  
GL10(G)-xnnnn:  
- Minimum signal damping 20 %  
- Temperature stability after adjustment and warm-up time  $+/- 10^{\circ}\text{C}$

#### Maintenance

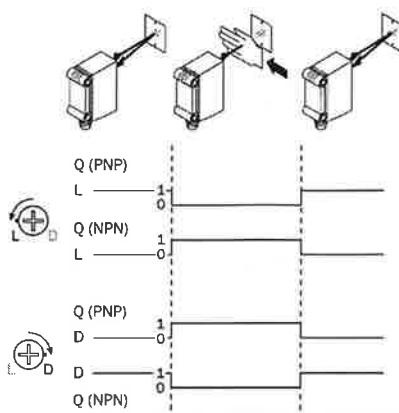
SICK light barriers are maintenance-free.  
We recommend doing the following regularly:  
- clean the external lens surfaces  
- check the screw connections and plug-in connections.  
- Do not use alcohol for cleaning.

No modifications may be made to devices.

## A GL10(G)-Rnnnn

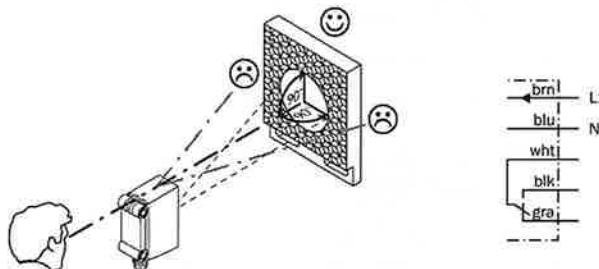


## B



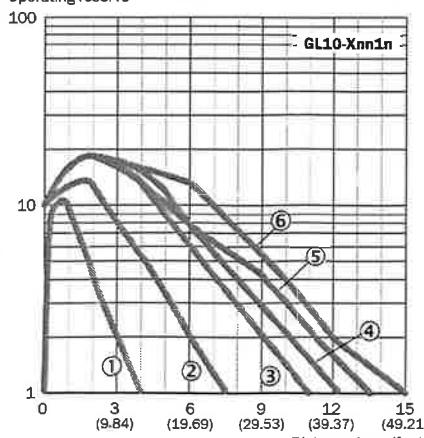
## C

### GL10(G)-R3nnn GL10(G)-R9nnn



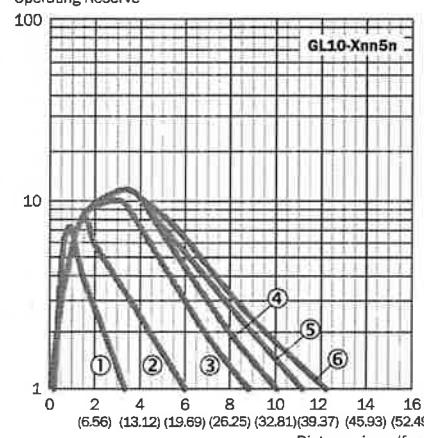
## E GL10-xnn1n

### Operating reserve



## GL10(xnn5n)

### Operating Reserve



- ① REF-IRF-56
- ② PL20A
- ③ PL30A
- ④ P250
- ⑤ PL40A
- ⑥ PL80A

#### Wartung

SICK-Lichtschranken sind wartungsfrei.  
Wir empfehlen, in regelmäßigen Abständen:  
- die optischen Grenzflächen zu reinigen,  
- Verschraubungen und Steckverbindungen zu überprüfen.  
- Kein Alkohol zur Reinigung verwenden.

Veränderungen an Geräten dürfen nicht vorgenommen werden.

